

MATHS SPECIAL



PRE + MAINS

LIVE CLASS (ONE TO ONE INTERACTION)

REGISTRATION OPEN

INCLUDES

- LIVE Classes
- Result Oriented Approach
- PDF Notes
- Conceptual Clarity

1 YEAR VALIDITY

USEFUL FOR

- ☐ SSC EXAMS
- BANK EXAMS
- □ CSAT
- ☐ STATE GOVT. EXAMS

BILINGUAL CONTENT



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MATHS SYLLABUS



ARITHMATIC:

(SSC/BANK/CUET/CSAT/STATE GOVT)

Time and Work Pipe and Cistern

Percentage
Profit Loss and Discount
Compound Interest
Simple Interest

Average
Ratio and Proportion
Based of Ages
Partnership
Mixture and Alligation

Time Speed And Distance
Train
Race
Boat and Stream

BANK:

Number Series
Quadratic Equation
Simplification
Approximation

Data Interpretation

Mensuration

Permutation Combination Probability

SSC:

Number System LCM + HCF

Surds Indices Algebra

Trigonometry
Height and Distance

Geometry

Mensuration-2D Mensuration-3D

Co-ordinate Geometry



NO. OF QUESTIONS

CLASS MUIVIDES

CLASS DURATION

15 Questions

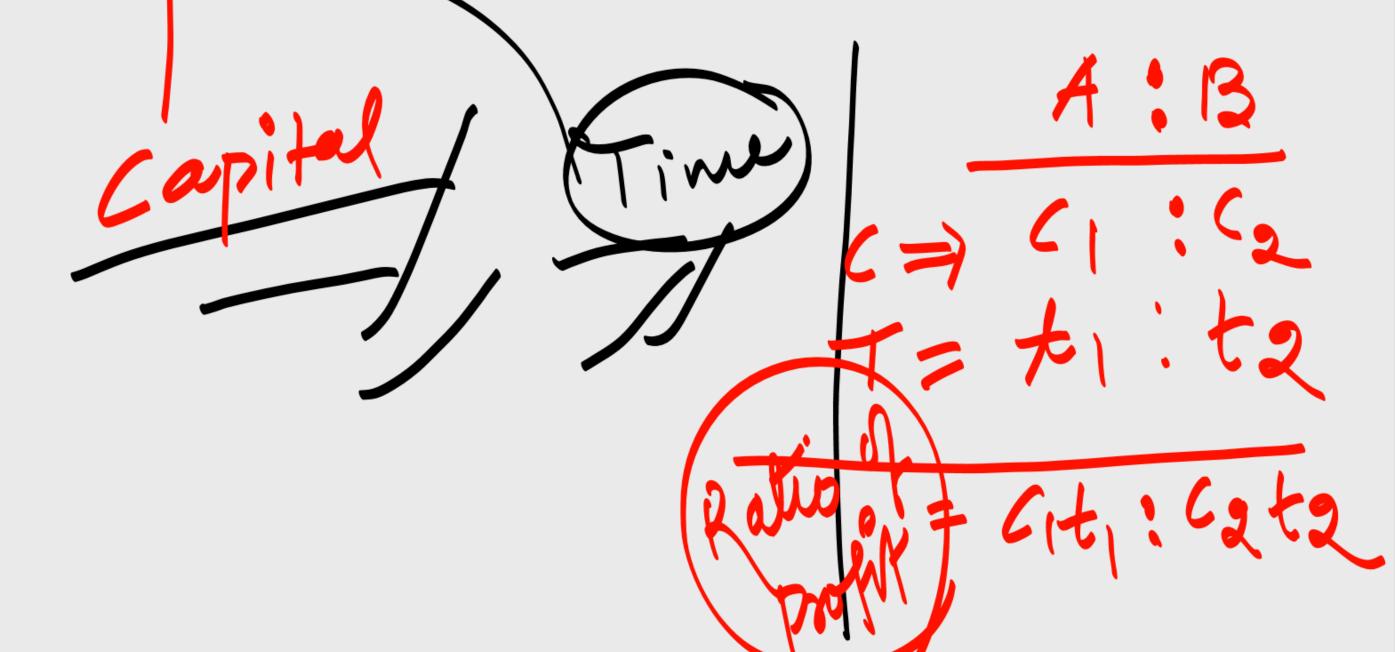
DAY-1

1 HOURS

MATHS WITH SACHIN BALIYAN SIR







Time = 12 month

INTRODUCTION

- 1. Simple Partnership: In a simple partnership, the capital of partners are invested for the same period of time.
- 2. Compound Partnership: In a compound partnership, the capital of partners are invested for different period of time.
- 3. Working Partners: A partner who manages the business is known as a working partner and he may get an additional salary or profit for managing the business.
- 4. Sleeping Partners: The one who simply invests the money is a sleeping partner.

MATHS WITH SACHIN BALIYAN SIR

A's capital is twice of B's capital, B's capital is 4 times of C's capital. Find the ratio of capital of B, C & A?

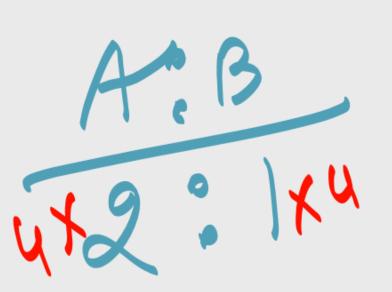
(a) 12:4:1

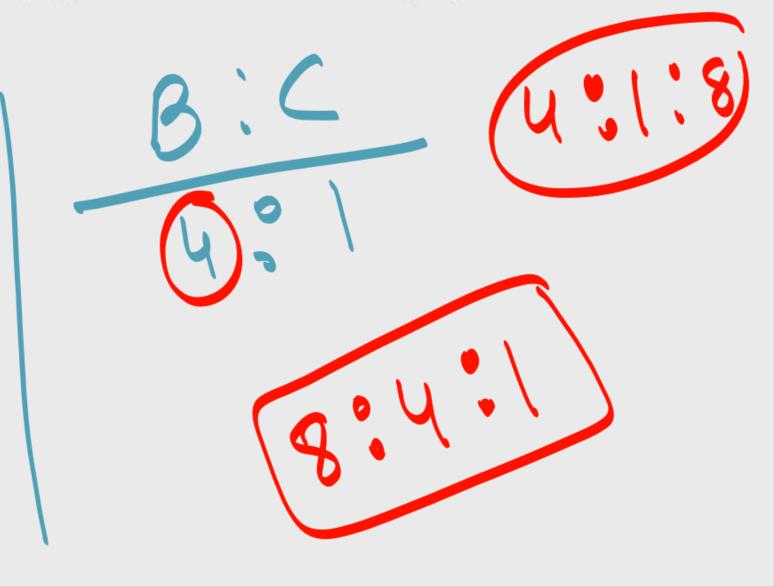
(b) 4:1:8

(c) 1:4:12

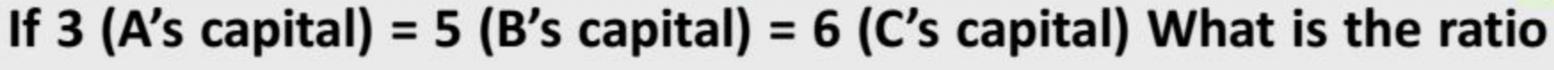
(d) 3:4:1

(e) None of these





MATHS WITH SACHIN BALIYAN SIR



of capital of C: A: B?

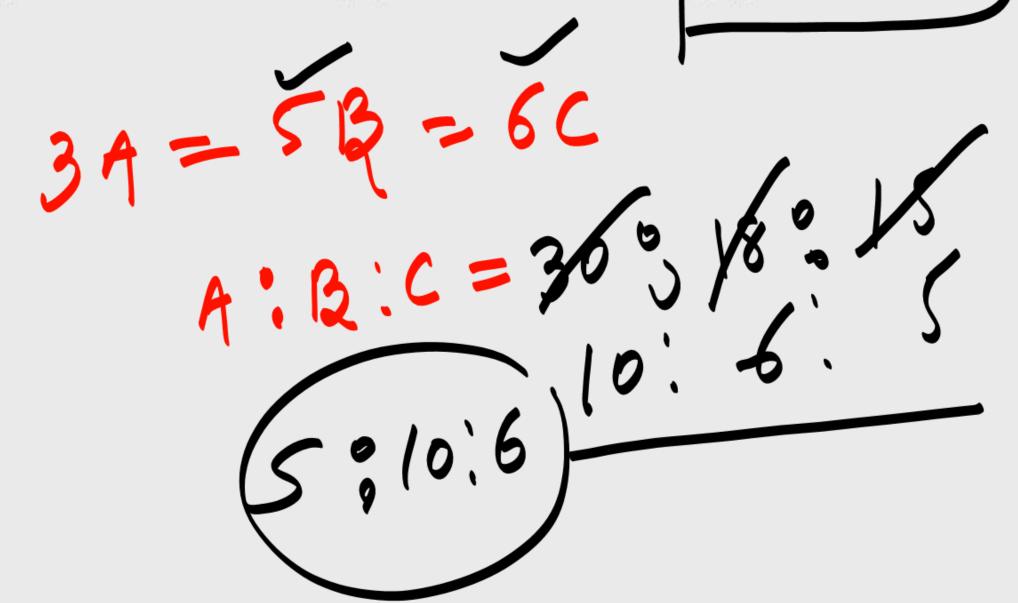
(a) 6:10:5

(b) 10:6:5

(c) 5:6:1

d) 5 : 10 : 6

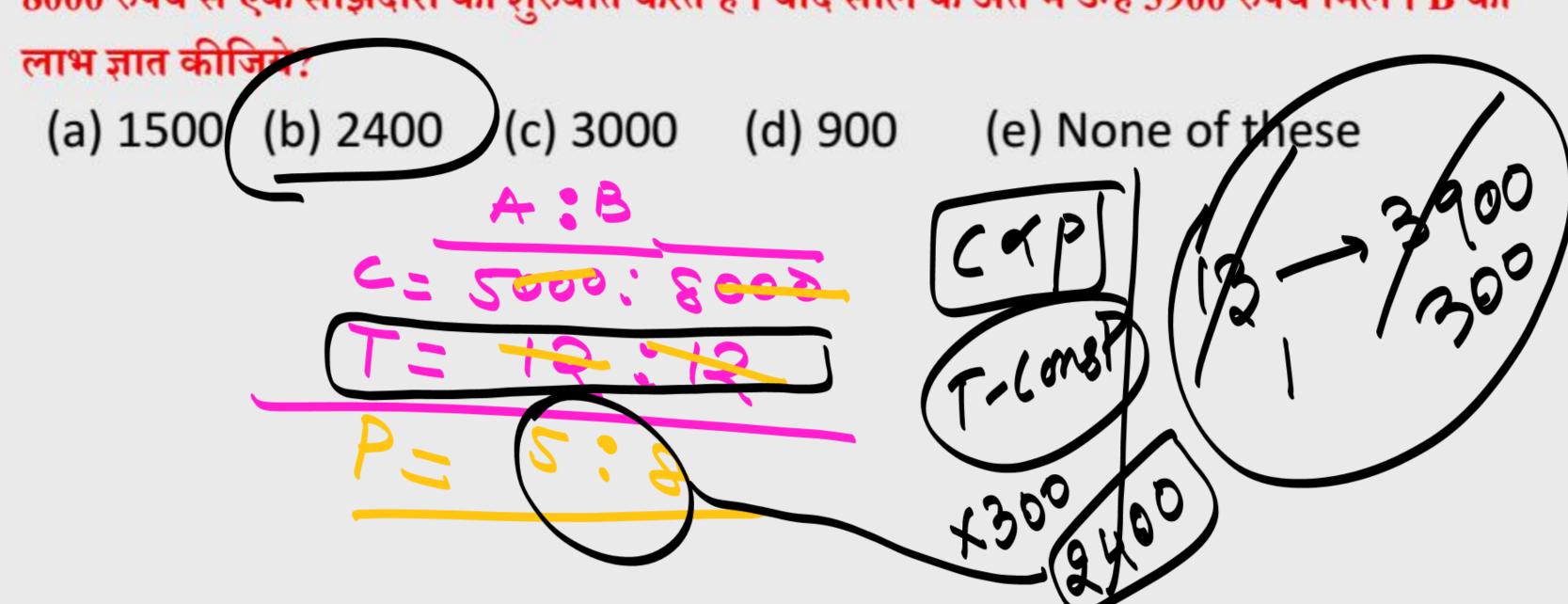
(e) None of these



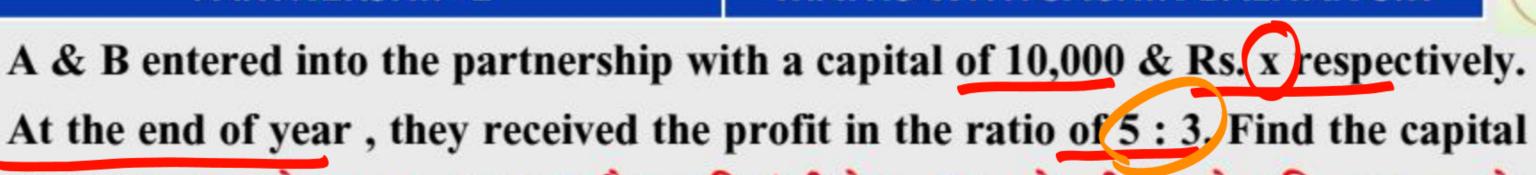
MATHS WITH SACHIN BALIYAN SIR



A & B entered into the partnership with Rs. 5000 & Rs. 8000 respectively. At the end of year they received Rs 3900. Find the profit of B? A और B क्रमशः 5000 और 8000 रुपय से एक साझेंदारी की शुरुवात करते है। यदि साल के अंत में उन्हें 3900 रुपये मिले। B का



MATHS WITH SACHIN BALIYAN SIR



of B? A & B ने क्रमशः 10,000 और x की पूंजी के साथ साझेदारी में प्रवेश किया। माल के अंत में उन्हें 5: 3 के अनुपात में लाभ प्राप्त हुआ। व्यवसाय में B की पूंजी ज्ञात कीजिये?

(a) 6000 (b) 5000 (c) 8000 (d) 4000

(e) None of these

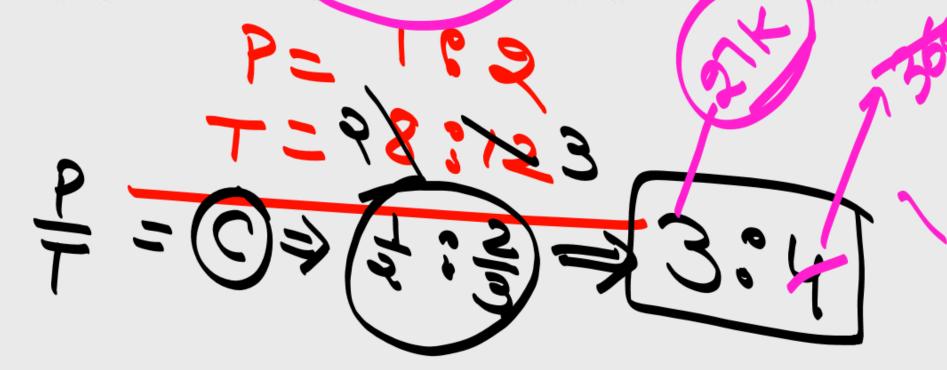


MATHS WITH SACHIN BALIYAN SIR



A & B entered into the partnership with the partnership with the capital of Rs. x & 36000 for 8 months & 12 months respectively & received the profit in the ratio 1: 2. Find the value of x. A & B ने 8 महीने और 12 महीने के लिए क्रमशः x और 36000 रुपये की पूंजी के साथ साझेदारी में प्रवेश किया और 1: 2 अनुपात में लाभ प्राप्त किया। x का मान ज्ञात करें।

(a) 18000 (b) 24000 (c) 27000 (d) 48000 (e) None of these



MATHS WITH SACHIN BALIYAN SIR



A & B entered into the partnership with 25000 & 30,000 respectively. After 4 months C joined with 40,000 at the end of 1yr they have the profit of 14700. Find the share of C? A और B ने क्रमशः 25000 और 30,000 के साथ साझदारा में प्रवेश किया। 4 महीने के बाद C 40,000 के साथ जुड़ गया। यदि 1yr के अंत में उन्हें 14700 का लाभ होता है। C का हिस्सा ज्ञात कीजिये?

(a) 4500 (b) 5400 (c) 4800 (d) 5100 (e) None of these

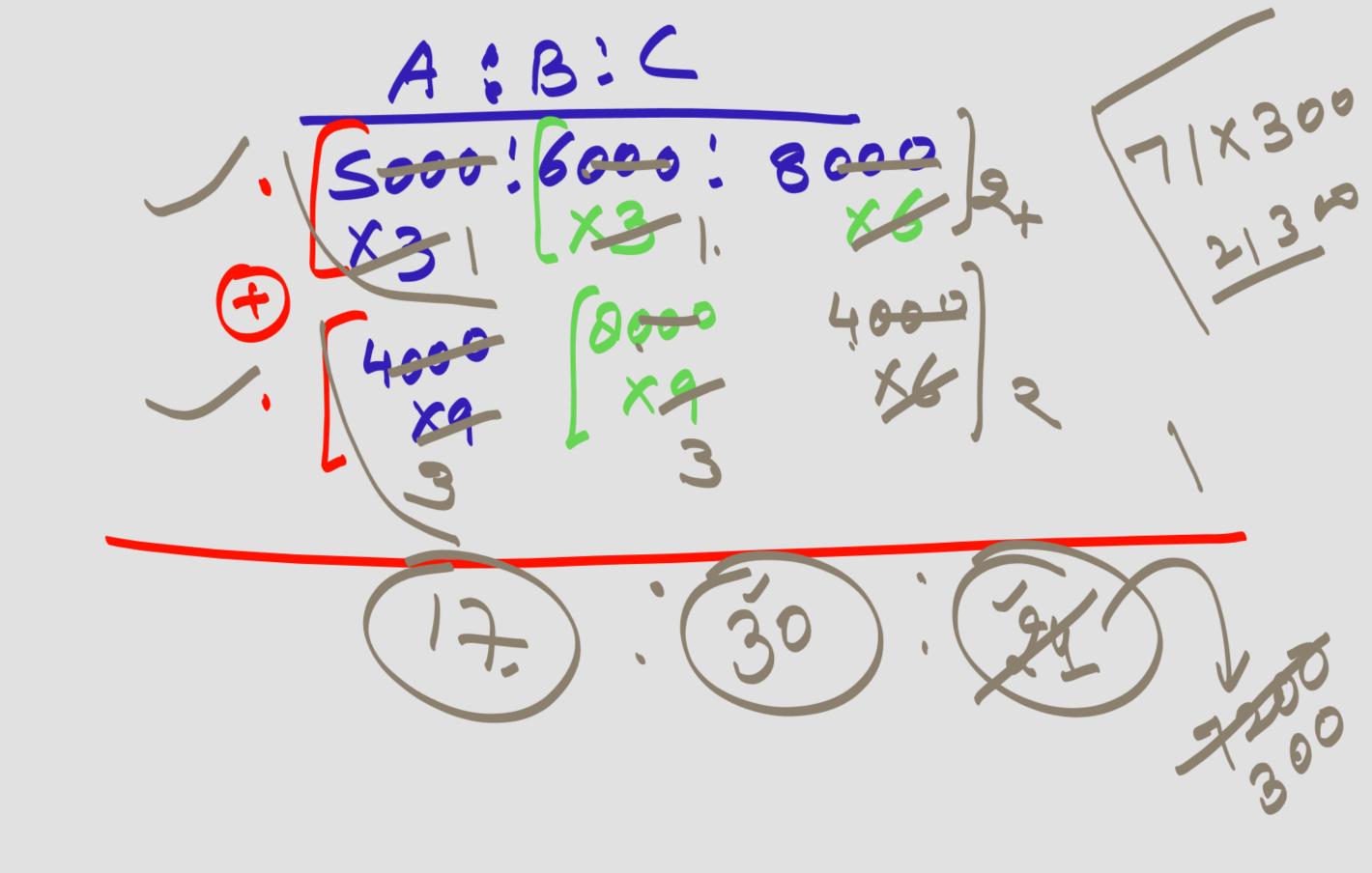
MATHS WITH SACHIN BALIYAN SIR



A, B & C start a business with a capital 5000, 6000 & 8000 respectively. After 3 months A withdraw 1000 & B invest Rs. 2000 Further 3 months later C withdraw half of his capital. At the end of year, C have the profit of 7200. Find the total profit. A, B और C क्रमशः 5000, 6000 और 8000 का पूजी के साथ एक व्यवसाय शुरू करते हैं। 3 महीने बाद A 1000 निकाल लेता है, और B 2000 रुपये का निवेश करते हैं। 3 और महीने बाद C अपनी पूंजी का आधा हिस्सा निकाल लेता है। यदि वर्ष के अंत में, C के पास 7200 का लाभ है। कुल लाभ प्राप्त करें।

(a) 20000

(b) 21300 (c) 12000 (d) 18000 (e) None of these



MATHS WITH SACHIN BALIYAN SIR



In a partnership, among A, B and C, A invest 8000 while B invest 12000 but at the end of 4 months, A withdrew half of his capital while B put 50% of his capital more . if at the end of six months C join them with 16000 then find out share of profit of A, B and C out of total profit Rs 13200 ? A, B और C की साझेदारी में, A ने 8000 का निवेश किया, जबकि B ने 12000 का निवेश किया, लेकिन 4 महीने के अंत में, A ने अपनी आधी पूंजी निकाल ली, जबकि B ने अपनी पूंजी का 50% अधिक लगा दिया। यदि छह महीने के अंत में C 16000 के साथ उन्हें मिलाता है तो 13200 रु के कुल लाभ <u>में से</u> A, B और C का लाभ ज्ञात करें?



